

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH
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THE WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large mammoth sheet is published every Tuesday morning at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance.
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Attorney at Law, Notary Public,
DEVOTES HIMSELF TO THE
COMMERCIAL & ADMIRALTY PRACTICE,
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COLLECTIONS in all parts of Missouri and Illinois attended to, promptly, remittances received, and cases argued, and information cheerfully given.
REFERS BY PERMISSION, TO
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HARRISON, CRAWF & Co., Merchants, St. Louis.
HODGES, HALL & Co., Merchants, Cincinnati, Ohio.
1857-58.

FRANK BEDFORD,
Attorney at Law,
VERSAILLES, KENTUCKY.
Dec. 1, 1850-51.
ROBT J. BRECKINRIDGE,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
LEXINGTON, KY.
OFFICE on Shortstreet between Limestone and Oppertown. (May 23, 1856-57.)

THOMAS A. MARSHALL
HAVING removed to Frankfort and resumed the practice of law, will attend punctually to such cases as may be entrusted to him in the Court of Appeals of Kentucky, and to such engagements as he may make in other Courts conveniently accessible. He will also give prompt and judicious advice in all cases stated in writing, or on records presented to him. He will promptly attend to all claims and collections relating to the business above described, and may at all times, except when absent on business, be found in Frankfort.
March 30, 1857-58.

WALL & FINNELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COVINGTON, KY.
OFFICE, THIRD STREET, OPPOSITE SOUTH AND CITY HALL. W. & F. practice in the Courts of Kenton, Campbell, Grant, Boone, and Nicholas, and the Court of Appeals at Frankfort.
May 5, 1858-59.

T. N. LINDSEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Frankfort, Ky.,
WILL practice law in all the Courts held in Frankfort and the adjoining counties. His Office is in the old building, near F. Switzer's, entrance on Washington street. Frankfort, Feb. 26, 1859-75-51.

JOHN RODMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office on St. Clair Street, next Door to Morris's Telegraph Office.
WILL practice in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and in Oldham, Henry, Trimble and Owen counties. (Oct. 2, 1855.)

S. D. MORRIS,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
FRANKFORT, KY.,
WILL practice in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and in the adjoining counties. He will attend particularly to the collection of debts in any part of the State. All business confided to him will meet with prompt attention.
Office on St. Clair street in the new building next door to the Branch Bank of Kentucky, over G. W. Craddock's office.
Feb. 29, 1857-58.

MOREHEAD & BROWN,
Partners in the
PRACTICE OF LAW,
WILL attend to all business confided to them in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and other Courts which hold their sessions at Frankfort, Ky. One or both may always be found at their office, to give counsel on business. Frankfort, Jan. 6, 1859-60.

GEORGE W. CRADDOCK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.
OFFICE removed to East side of St. Clair street, opposite the Telegraph Office. Law in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and adjoining counties. Dec. 7, 1850-51.

M. D. & W. H. M'HENRY,
ATTORNEYS AND LAND AGENTS,
DES MOINES, IOWA.
PROPOSE to practice in the various Courts of Polk county, and in the Supreme Court of Iowa, and the United States District Court.
They have also established a General Agency for the transaction of all manner of business connected with Land Titles.
They will enter Lands, investigate Titles, buy and sell lands, and invest money on the best terms and on the best securities.
They will enter Lands in Kansas and Nebraska Territory, if all amount sufficient to justify a visit to that country is offered.
The Senior partner having been engaged extensively in the business of the law in the Courts of Kentucky for nearly thirty years, and the Junior having been engaged in the Land Business in Iowa for eight years past, during which time he has made actual survey of a large portion of Polk and adjoining counties, the best counsel they will be to render a satisfactory account of all business entrusted to them.
They will enter Land with Land Warrants or Money, upon actual inspection of the premises, and will buy and sell Land on Commission, upon a careful investigation of Titles. Persons wishing to settle in the State can find desirable farms and city property for sale, by calling on them at their office in Sherman's Building, corner of Third street and Court Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa. March 11, 1857-58.

JOHN M. HARLAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office on St. Clair Street, with J. & W. L. Harlan.
HON. J. C. CHITTENDEN, Gov. L. W. POWELL, Gov. L. W. POWELL, Frankfort, Ky.
HON. JAMES HARLAN, Taylor, Turner & Co., Bankers, Lexington, Ky.
H. H. MONROE & Co., Bankers, Louisville, Ky.
W. TANNER, Louisville, Ky.
July 23, 1857-58.

MORTON & GRISWOLD,
Booksellers, Stationers, Binders, and Book and Job Printers, Main street, Louisville, Ky.,
are desirous to have a complete assortment of H. W. Medical, Theological, Classical, School, and Miscellaneous Books, at low prices. Paper of every description, quality, and price.
Colleges, Schools, and Private Libraries supplied at a small advance on cost. Wholesale or Retail.
April 1, 1854-61-62.

JOHN A. MONROE,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.
WILL practice Law in the Court of Appeals in the Franklin Circuit Court, and all other State Courts held in Kentucky, and will attend to the collection of Debts for non-residents in any part of the State.
Always at home, every communication will have his attention on the same day received, and will be promptly answered, and such clients kept always advised of their affairs. And having determined to have all his business arguments in the Court of Appeals printed, and published, and furnished to clients and counsel in the lower courts, all concerned will be fully informed how his duty has been performed.
He is, as Commissioner of Deeds, take the acknowledgments of Deeds, and other writings to be used or recorded in other States; and as Commissioner under the act of Congress, attend to the taking of depositions, affidavits, &c.
Office, "Old Bank," opposite the Mansion House Frankfort, Nov. 19, 1856-57.

B. & J. MONROE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.
JAMES MONROE WILL practice Law in the Court of Appeals in the Franklin Circuit Court, and all other State Courts held in Kentucky, and will attend to the collection of Debts for non-residents in any part of the State.
Always at home, every communication will have his attention on the same day received, and will be promptly answered, and such clients kept always advised of their affairs. And having determined to have all his business arguments in the Court of Appeals printed, and published, and furnished to clients and counsel in the lower courts, all concerned will be fully informed how his duty has been performed.
He is, as Commissioner of Deeds, take the acknowledgments of Deeds, and other writings to be used or recorded in other States; and as Commissioner under the act of Congress, attend to the taking of depositions, affidavits, &c.
Office, "Old Bank," opposite the Mansion House Frankfort, Nov. 19, 1856-57.

J. H. KINKEAD,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
GALLATIN, MISSOURI.
WILL practice in the Circuit and other Courts of De Witt, and the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.
Office up stairs in the Gallatin San Office.
May 6, 1857-58.

J. W. MCCLUNG,
(Formerly of Kentucky.)
Attorney at Law & Real Estate Broker,
3d Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.
WILL loan money for capitalists at 24 to 36 per cent upon real estate worth double the loan, (Minnesota or no tax) and make investments in city or country property to the best advantage.
The best Kentucky references given if required. Correspondence solicited.
Jan. 7, 1857-58.

GORIN & GAZLAY,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
REFERENCES.
Messrs. Jas. TRACER & Co.; GARVIN, BELL & Co.; McDOWELL, YOUNG & Co.; HUGHES & HUTCHISON; LEE & WHITNEY; J. E. E. BROWN; J. C. CRAGO & Co.; CARTER, MOSE & CO.; WILSON, STARRIS & LOTH; CAMBAY & HOPKINS; CURE & WHITE; ASAT & HALEY; CURE & CO.
[Aug. 17, 1857-58.]

N. D. SMITH & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
ALCOHOL,
COLOGNE AND PURE SPIRITS,
Nos. 16 & 18, West side Second St., bet. Main & Market
LOUISVILLE, KY.
August 26, 1857-58.

GWIN & OWEN,
Dealers in Hardware and Cutlery,
STOCK IN HANNA'S NEW BUILDING,
MAIN STREET,
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.
Jan. 20, 1857-58.

METROPOLITAN HALL,
THIS BUILDING RECENTLY ERECTED ON ST. CLAIR STREET, is now for rent. It is well adapted for the purpose of holding Public Lectures, for the exhibition of Paintings and Statues, for Dramas, for Vocal and Instrumental Concerts, for Theatrical Exhibitions, and also to be used as a Town Hall. It will be found to be well adapted for all such purposes. It is centrally in its location, convenient of access, completely furnished with gas fixtures, seats well arranged, and the rooms abundantly supplied with stores, and the entire house well ventilated.
Persons wishing to rent the same will apply to W. R. Franklin at the Circuit Court Clerk's office, who is the duly appointed agent of the proprietor.
Feb. 24, 1858-59. O. BROWN, Proprietor.

FRANK SUGAR CURED WHITE FISH—A few packages just received and for sale by
Dec. 31, 1857. GRAY & TODD.

SMITH, WALLER & CO.,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
OFFICE—MASONIC TEMPLE,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

GIVE particular and personal attention to the investment of money for others in Land, Town Lots, &c., in Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota, and to the location of Land Warrants. They will also invest money on Bonds and Real Estate SECURITIES, at highly remunerative rates of interest, for parties desiring it.
Their facilities and opportunities for investment, experience in the business, and acquaintance with the great North-West, warrant the belief that they can make as safe and profitable investments as any parties in the West.
All letters of inquiry or on business promptly answered. Address, SMITH, WALLER & CO., Box No. 267, Chicago, Illinois, or J. T. BOYLE, Danville, Ky.

REFERENCES.
Hon. S. A. DORCAS, Chicago, Ill.
Hon. E. L. MORRIS, Chicago, Ill.
Gov. J. A. MARYESSE, Joliet, Ill.
Hon. D. Davis, Bloomington, Ill.
Gov. C. S. MCKENNA, Frankfort, Ky.
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Col. C. R. ROSS, Danville, Ky.
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Hon. J. R. USANGWOOD, Bowlinggreen, Ky.
Hon. JOHN G. RUSSELL, Glasgow, Ky.
Hon. JOHN L. HALL, Elizabethtown, Ky.
Hon. L. W. POWELL, Henderson, Ky.
May 20, 1858-59.

H. G. BANTA,
PAINTER & PAPER HANGER.
To the Citizens of Frankfort and Surrounding Country:
I AM THANKFUL to you for past favors, and hope by strict attention to business, to do good work, to merit a continuance of the same in the following branches of my trade:
All kinds of Zinc, White and Enamelled Finish Painting, Wall, Ceiling and all kinds of plain house and roof painting done in the most durable manner. Mix ed paints always on hand.

HOUSE PAINTING;
All kinds of Zinc, White and Enamelled Finish Painting, Wall, Ceiling and all kinds of plain house and roof painting done in the most durable manner. Mixed paints always on hand.

SIGN PAINTING
All kinds of Signs, Fancy and Plain Signs; also, Signs neatly painted on Glass, or Transparent Cloth for Show Windows; Trunks and Umbrellas marked at short notice.

IMITATIONS OF WOODS & MARBLES.
Mahogany, Maple, Walnut, Rosewood, Oak, and all kinds of Staining and Imitations of all kinds of Marble, in the best manner.

PAPER HANGING.
Every kind of Pannelled, Match, Plain or Ornamental Paper Hanging; Tapestries and Fire Screens neatly papered.
June 24, 1857-58.

TO THE PUBLIC.
WHEELER & WILSON
MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
IMPROVED SEWING MACHINES!
WE would respectfully invite the ladies of Lexington and adjoining towns, to call at our office and examine the above named Machines, for which we are the sole agents of Kentucky, with the exception of Louisville.

Agents for the WILLAMANTIC LINE COMPANY'S PATENT FINE THREAD.
This thread is pronounced by those who have used it to be superior in quality to any other thread. For Sewing Machines this thread is best and only thread that can give satisfaction.
We have also for sale a supply of Sewing Machine Twine.
WHEELER & WILSON,
Office over T. Bradley & Co.'s Hardware Store, Main street, Lexington, Ky.
LYONS, at the Fancy Store, St. Clair street, Frankfort, Ky. Also instruction given in their use to those who purchase.

PHOENIX FOUNDRY,
TENTH ST. BETWEEN MAIN AND CANAL,
OFFICE NORTH SIDE MAIN STREET,
BETWEEN NINTH AND TENTH.
WM. H. GRANGER, Agent.
Engines and Machinery for Saw of Grist Mills, Coal Mines, &c., &c., Cranks, Galleons, Rag Irons, Saw Sides, Carriage Springs, Cotton Gigs, Segments, and Pistons, Car Wheels, Grate Bars, Mill Spindles, Mill Dogs and Silencers, always on hand.
Hotchicks' Reaction Water Wheels
or Grist or Saw Mills.
A large assortment of Patterns for Mill Gearing &c. Castings made at the shortest notice.
April 21, 1857-58. WM. H. GRANGER, Agent.
Louisville, Ky.

FRANGIPANNI,
OR THE
ETERNAL PERFUME
Can be obtained in all its variety at
Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

Frangipanni Pomade.
A beautiful article for the hair, at
Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

Frangipanni Sachels,
To lay in drawers and perfume clothing, at
Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

Toilet Mirrors,
Of fine Plate Glass and Mahogany frames, at
Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

The Best Assortment
Of the Fancy Articles of every Kind: Soaps, Brushes, Combs, Pomades, Extracts, Colognes, Perfumery, at
Oct. 7, 1857-58. Dr. MILL'S Drug Store.

BOOK BINDING.
A. C. Keenon informs his friends and former customers, that he has re-opened his business, and has purchased back from A. G. Hodges the Bindery sold to him in November last, and will give his whole attention to the business.
He respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment.
IF CLERKS will be furnished with RECORD BOOKS ruled to any pattern, and of the very best quality of paper.
IF BLANK BOOKS of every description, manufactured at short notice, to order, on reasonable terms.
IF Bindery at the old stand, over Harlan's Law Office.
Frankfort, July 31, 1847-773-51.

DENTAL SURGERY,
BY E. G. HAMBLETON, M. D.
His operations on the Teeth will be conducted by a scientific knowledge, and of Surgery and Medicine, and the only safe guide to uniform success. From this he is enabled to operate with far less pain to the patient, and of danger. All work warranted the workman will show for itself. Calls will be thankfully received.
Office, at his residence on Main street.
Frankfort, May 27, 1858.

Utica Lime!
30 BARRELS UTICA LIME JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY
April 8, 1858. GRAY & TODD.

By State Authority.
Choice First-Class Insurance,
—BY THE—



Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.
Cash Capital \$1,000,000 00.
ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED.
With a Surplus of \$506,357 88.
And the prestige of 34 years success and experience.

ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1858:
Cash in hand and deposits in Hartford, \$348,123 09
Cash in transit and Agents' hands, 169,372 05
Money due the Company, secured by Mortgage, 5,418 04
Real Estate unincumbered, 47,532 42
Bills Receivable, 35,177 18
Marked Value.
102 Bonds 6.7 and 10 p cent interest, 102,000 00
657 Shares Railroad Stock, 34,445 00
50 do. Connecticut Riv. Co. Stock, 1,350 00
50 do. Stafford Bank " 5,000 00
50 do. Waterbury Bank " 5,000 00
35 do. Providence Bank " 1,850 00
230 do. Hartford " 109,666 00
895 do. New York " 50,652 50
15 do. Jersey City " 1,425 00
100 do. United States Trust Co. N. Y. Stock, 10,000 00
130 Shares New York L. & Frust Co-Stock, 22,500 00

Total Liabilities: \$1,506,357 88
Unsettled Claims not due, \$123,226 84
Losses Equitably Adjusted and Promptly Paid.

UPWARDS OF \$11,000,000
Of Losses have been paid by the Aetna Insurance Company in the past 23 years.

Fire and Inland Navigation
Risks accepted at terms consistent with solvency and fair profit.
Special attention given to Insurance of DWELLINGS and Contents, for terms of 1 to 5 years.

The progress of this Corporation has been stable and uninterrupted during seasons of financial sunshine and storm, or periods of general depression, and during conflagrations and maritime disaster. Being long established on a cash basis, the routine of the credit system, and the security of the principal cities and towns throughout the State. Policies issued without delay, by any of the duly authorized Agents of the Company.

Business attended to with Despatch and Fidelity.
H. WINGATE, Agent,
March 10, 1858-59. Frankfort, Ky.

HOME
Insurance Company
OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE, No. 4, WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL, \$500,000 00
AMT OF LIABILITIES, \$34,112 31
AMT OF ASSETS, \$1,112 31

This Company continues to insure Buildings, Merchandise, Ships in port and their cargoes, Household Furniture, and Personal Property generally, against loss or damage by Fire, on favorable terms.

Losses Equitably Adjusted and Promptly Paid.
Abstract of the SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Assets and Liabilities of the HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, of the City of New York, on the 31st day of December, 1857.

Cash, Balance in Bank, \$37,000 56
Bonds and Mortgages (being first lien on Real Estate, worth at least \$291,000), 450,000 00
Loans on Stocks, payable on demand, 150,539 85
Bank Stocks, (market value), 77,000 00
Real Estate, No. 4 Wall Street, (the office of the Company), 67,004 72
Interest due on 1st Jan. 1854, (of which \$265 93 has since been received), 14,375 03
Balance in hands of Agents and in course of collection from Agents generally, on 31st Dec. (of which \$7,257 37 has since been received), 24,084 75
Premiums due and uncollected on Policies issued at Office, 2,087 53

Total, \$924,212 34

LIABILITIES.
Outstanding Losses on 31st December, 1857, estimated at, \$39,410 01
Due Stockholders on account of Seventh Dividend, 1,700 00
Total, \$41,110 01

New York, 22d January, 1858.
CHAS. J. MARTIN, Pres't.
J. MILTON SMITH, Sec'y.
March 10, 1858-59. H. WINGATE, Agent,
Frankfort, Ky.

NEW YORK
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors, at Frankfort, 1st Jan. 1858, the following resolution was adopted: "Resolved, That the New York Life Insurance Company, on Saturday the 1st day of March, 1858, the following resolution be adopted: 'The undersigned, President and Directors of the Company, have examined the report and exhibits of the New York Life Insurance Company for the year 1857, embracing a full statement of its affairs, assets, and liabilities, and being satisfied with the sound condition of the Company, cordially recommend it to the encouragement and support of the whole community.'

It commenced its operations twelve years ago, with \$100,000, which has accumulated to \$1,050,000, principally invested in state stocks, and in bonds and stocks, believed to be undoubtedly good.
It is known of no mode of investing money more profitably. The profits are mutual for the insured, and have averaged not less than thirty per cent. annually on the premium paid.
C. S. MORREHEAD, President.
R. C. WINTERSMITH, EMD. H. TAYLOR, THOMAS PAGE, A. G. HODGES, CHARLES G. PHYTHIAN, Directors.

SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT.
Amount of assets 1st January, 1858, \$902,002 70
Amount of receipts for premiums, interest, &c., &c., to 1st Jan., 1858, \$378,186 14
Paid losses by death, interest on dividends, and all other expenses, 221,240 19
Accumulated and to 1st January, 1858, \$1,050,000 65

It will be seen by the above statement that this Company is in a flourishing condition. Those desiring information in regard to insurance, will make application to the undersigned.
H. WINGATE, Agent,
Frankfort Branch Bank.
Aug. 14, 1857.

W. A. GAINES,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCER,
DEALER IN COUNTRY PRODUCE
—AND—
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky.

All accounts due on the 1st January, 1st May, and 1st September in each year. Interest charged on all accounts not paid at maturity.

I am lost in receipt of a large and choice stock of FINE GROCERIES, &c., consisting in part of the following articles:

Groceries.
6 lbs Prime N. O. Sugar;
4 lbs Lovings' Crushed Sugar;
4 lbs Lovings' Pulverized Sugar;
1 Tierce Preserving Sugar;
6 lbs Plantation Molasses;
4 lbs Plantation Molasses;
3 lbs Richer's Golden Syrup;
10 lbs Richer's Golden Syrup;
4 lbs Baltimore Syrup;
4 1/2 lbs Sugar House Molasses;
1 Tierce New Rice;
12 boxes Star Brand;
12 boxes German Syrup;
12 boxes Star Brand;
20 1/2 boxes Star Brand;
10 boxes Hard Yellow Caudles;
10 sacks Rio Coffee;
10 sacks Prime Old Java Coffee;
Mackerel in hbls, 1/2 and 1/4 lbs;
Carolina Tar in 1/2 bbls;
Salmon and White Lake Fish;
Dry Beef and Beef Tongues;
10 boxes Western Reserve Cheese;
4 boxes Hamburg Cheese.

Seeds.
20 bbls Clover;
20 bbls Timothy;
30 bushels Blue Grass;
and all kinds of Garden Seeds.

250 bushels Potatoes;
50 bushels Onions;
50 bbls Dried Apples;
35 bbls Utica Lime;
25 bbls Apple Vinegar;
20 bbls Lamp Oil;
40 kegs Nails, all sizes;
200 lbs Allspice;

50 bushels Turnips;
50 bbls Fine Apples;
20 bbls Flour, John Macklin's;
10 bbls Hydraulic Cement;
4 bbls Linseed Oil;
8 bbls Spts. Turpentine;
300 lbs Black Pepper;

Wooden Ware.
6 doz. O'Leary's Wash Boards;
2 doz. large and Wash Tubs;
1 doz. extra quality and size Wash Tubs;
1 doz. medium size Wash Tubs;
1 doz. Cider Tubs;
4 doz. Sifters;
1 doz. White Cedar Churns;
6 doz. Painted Buckets;
1 doz. Iron-bound Wall Buckets;
3 doz. Butter Firkins, all sizes;
1 doz. Tar Cans;
1 doz. 1/2 Bushel Measures;
2 doz. 1/2 Peck Measures;
2 doz. 1/2 Peck Measures;
12 dozen Brown Brass Hoops;
1 doz. Chickens Point Mats;
6 doz. Grass Foot Mats.

Sundries.
Worcestershire Sauce;
Boeefsteak Sauce;
Gau Caps;
Powder and Shot;
Iron Lines;
Fishing Lines;
Mussel Buckets;
Lamp Black;
Collins & Hunt's Axes;
Spun Cotton;
Covering Matches;
Sundries;
Wrapping Twine;
Ran Towels;
Scrub Brushes;
White Wash Brushes;
Blackening Brushes;
House Brushes;
Dunking's Baking Powder;
Killed Luster;
Cream Tartar;
Kinds;
Lemon Syrup;
Lime Juice;
Cucumber Pickles;
Tomato Catsup;
Ketchup; Capers;
Pepper Sauce;
Fish Sauce;

100 1/2 Quill Baiting;
4 kegs Carb. Soda;
Saltpetre;
Indigo;
Sulphur;
Cloves;
Ginger;
Longleaf;
Mace;
Peppercorns;
Fresh Peaches in cans;
Green Pine Apples;
Extract Vervain;
Extract Lemon;
Extract Peach;
Extract Currant;
Extract Cinnaon;
Dunking's Baking Powder;
Killed Luster;
Cream Tartar;
Kinds;
Lemon Syrup;
Lime Juice;
Cucumber Pickles;
Tomato Catsup;
Ketchup; Capers;
Pepper Sauce;
Fish Sauce;

AGRICULTURAL.
Straw Cutters;
Corn Shellers;
Steel Plows;
Corn Crushers;
Or any agricultural implements furnished to order on short notice.
Feb. 9, 1858-59.

Reapers and Mowers,
Three-horse;
Hay Rakes;
Wheat Fans, &c.;
Whet Stones, &c.;
Or any agricultural implements furnished to order on short notice.
Feb. 9, 1858-59.

Stoves! Stoves!!
THE undersigned would notify his friends and the public generally, that he has purchased the interest of J. T. Luckett in his old established and well known Hotel, and will continue to entertain the public in the best manner that the market, &c., will allow. He has engaged the services of his son-in-law, Wm. R. Taylor, who is well known to a large portion of the traveling community, as a man of business, and who will have charge of the office. He asks the patronage of the public and will endeavor to deserve it.
May 23, 1853. BEN. LUCKETT.

CAPITAL HOTEL,
FRANKFORT, KY.
DAVID MERIWETHER, Proprietor.
HAVING taken this well known HOTEL the proprietor to respectfully solicit the patronage of the traveling public, especially the custom of his old friends while proprietor of the Frankfort Hotel. He hopes from his long experience in the business of hotel-keeping, his well known reputation as a caterer to the tastes of his guests, a sincere desire to please and accommodate, and by close application to business to merit and receive the patronage of visitors to the Seat of Government. Frankfort, May 15, 1857-58.
*The Louisville Journal and Democrat publish one month daily and three months weekly, and the Observer and Reporter publish three months and one half to the traveling community.
J. R. WARRON.

OWEN'S HOTEL,
CORNER FOURTH AND JEFFERSON,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
H. F. SMITH, Proprietor.
J. W. REYNOLDS, Clerk.
E. O'BANNON, (April 15, 1857-58.)

FRANKFORT HOTEL,
Corner of Broadway and Ann Streets,
FRANKFORT, KY.
THE undersigned having taken this well known house (late occupied by Mr. D. Meriwether) respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage, and by close attention to business, and keeping such a house as this sort of house will endeavor to merit the confidence of the traveling community.
June 10, 1858-59. J. R. WARRON.

CANDLES.
STAR CANDLES, in whole, half and quarter boxes, Tallow Candles. Received and for sale by
Nov. 11, 1857. GRAY & TODD.

STOLEN!
The subscriber, about one mile below Frankfort, on Monday night last, A BLACK NARE,
7 or 8 years old; 15 hands high; near eye; out; shouder rubbed with the collar; works well; no other marks recollected. There was taken with her an old saddle and blind bridle. A liberal reward will be paid for information that may enable me to recover her.
H. BLANTON.
Nov. 11, 1857-58.

LAND SURVEYOR.
Office at Smith, Bradley & Co., Land Agents, 98 Randolph street, South side, between Clark and Dearborn streets, Chicago, Ill.
Sept. 14, 1855-57.

GEORGE STEALEY,
CIVIL & MINING ENGINEER,
AND
LAND SURVEYOR.
Office at Smith, Bradley & Co., Land

THE COMMONWEALTH.

The Betrayed.

OR, THE PURITAN'S REVENGE.

On a fine moon light night, just previous to the restoration of Charles II., a young man of gentlemanly appearance was walking rapidly towards the village of Charing. His dress denoted that he was of the sect of the Puritans. It was Edward Marston, a widower with one child, whose household was under the direction of his sister Grace.

He had proceeded for some time in his solitary walk, when a hand was laid upon his shoulder. He started and turned—it was his uncle Martin.

"Uncle!" he exclaimed, "what brings you here at such an hour?"

"To tell thee that the Commons of England and Monk have betrayed their trust, and recalled Charles Stuart to the throne of his fathers."

"I have heard as much. England is now no place for us. You and my father—sat as judges on the tyrant's trial."

"Edward," said the relative, "thou art but lukewarm. But the Lord hath reproved thee—Hath He not smitten thee in thine affections?"

"He hath!" groaned his nephew, with a glance at his mourning garments. "How I loved is in her grave!"

"And thy sister," added the old man, bitterly, "the child of her who bore thee is dishonored! What mean you?"

"That William Clayton even now is in her chamber, despite my warning. Thou wouldst shelter him, and the proud fool, his brother—Like a serpent he has stung you!"

"I must have proof of this," said the old man, sadly, "and be convinced of the dishonor of thy blood."

Drawing their swords, they concealed them selves behind a portion of the garden wall, from whence they could see the window of Grace's apartment.

Grace Marston was lovely a creature to look upon as earth could boast. She had won the heart of the young Royalist, who was her brother's friend and guest, and yielding to his solicitations, had weakly consented to a secret marriage.

There might have been—may, there was—impudence in the act, but no dishonor. Unfortunately, his nightly visits to her chamber were discovered by her uncle Martin, a jealous Puritan, and the storm was ready to break.

"He comes!" whispered the old man to his companion. "Now are you convinced?"

"But too fatally."

As the adventurous husband descended from the window of the mansion for he and his brother were lodged in a pavilion in the garden—both uncle and nephew attacked him. They would listen in their blind fury to no explanation, and the young man must have fallen beneath their united efforts, had not the clashing of swords brought his brother Richard to his assistance.

In a few minutes the tables were fatally turned—Edward Marston was dying.

No sooner did the young man perceive the condition of his friend than he knelt beside him, and attempted to raise him from the ground.

"False friend!" groaned the dying man.

"Not so, Edward—I am true to thee. Grace," he whispered, "is my wife!"

A glance of satisfaction overspread the countenance of the Puritan, as he fell upon the sword a corpse.

But no explanation could appease the wrath of Martin. Over the body of his nephew he vowed a deep revenge! Time will show how he fulfilled it. As guardian of his niece, he instantly prevailed all possibility of her communicating with her husband, whom he branded as her brother's murderer, and affected to disbelieve her marriage.

Poor Grace was truly wretched! Richard and William returned to London, where they assisted in the restoration of the King, after several vain attempts to see Grace Marston. In the gay court of the licentious monarch, the brother moved with equal advantage the companions of Charles' pleasure and councils, honor and appointments were lavished upon them with an inconsiderate hand; both rose to high military command. At length, when time had sufficiently effaced the memory of Grace, William again began to indulge in thoughts of love. Ellen Digby, the only daughter of a staunch royalist, was the object of his choice.

The court and its gay allurements were abandoned for marriage and retirement. Nine months after the death of Edward, William and his young bride arrived at his brother's seat, Tyler Hill, near Canterbury. Grace, who, since the death of her brother, had given up her mind entirely to the guidance of Martin and the preacher Newlight, heard of their arrival, if not without emotion at least without a tear.

"Wait!" exclaimed her uncle, "I have engaged here what shall work retribution; they have trampled upon us, and we will turn and rend them!"

Within the year the bride presented her husband with a son—fortune seemed to smile on his birth; the young stranger was not only heir to his father's and grandfather's estate, but to the fair earldom which Charles had just conferred upon Sir Richard Digby, who bore her marriage, with his nephew with unmixed satisfaction. Nine months while Martin and Grace had disposed of all their property in Kent, and a light vessel was secretly engaged to carry them to their destination. One night they suddenly disappeared, and were never again seen in that part of the country. Great was the consternation on the following morning, when it was discovered that the young heir of the Claytons had been carried off, no one could tell how. In vain did the distracted parents offer a reward; messengers were dispatched into different parts of England, but in vain; every clue seemed lost, and the search was at last abandoned as hopeless. William with his broken hearted wife, returned to London, to forget, if possible, in the dissipation of the capital, the grief which preyed upon his heart. Nearly twenty years rolled on without the least intelligence of the lost heir, when the Earl and his brother were appointed to attend the Duke of Monmouth against the Covenanters in Scotland, whose success had at first embarrassed the Government. Before the royal army they were everywhere defeated; from Edinburgh they were pursued to Dumbarton, and driven from that strong hold to defend difficult access on the opposite banks of the Clyde.

"I have a strong presentiment, William," exclaimed his brother as they mounted their horses to lead the party sent to dislodge the enemy from their last defense; "in all our encounters I have been singled out by an old man and his sons—at least, from their being all together, and fighting in concert, I esteem them as such; something tells me that to day they will be successful!"

William laughed at the Earl's augury, and placed himself at the head of his troop. The royal forces were again successful, and the Covenanters completely dispersed. The Earl, after the engagement, rode a short distance from the field to observe the direction the fugitives had taken, when he once more encountered the old man and two young ones, whose perseverance in tracking him he had before observed during the day.

"So!" exclaimed the old man, "we have met at last! The Lord hath given thee to me."

The Earl recognized in the speaker his old enemy, Martin; and aware of his determined character, prepared for his defense. Time, which had spared the strength of Martin, had unwearyed the arm of his antagonist. He was no longer the light, active soldier who once brought him to his feet. A few blows decided the contest; the sword of the Earl broke short, he was unhorsed and stood unarmed at his mercy.

"Advance, boys!" cried the old man, "and strike!"

They hesitated.

"Do you pause? Edward, Reuben—for this you have been reared—will you spare the murderer of your father?"

"We cannot become assassins! Give him a weapon, and singly we will attack him; otherwise he is scatheless for us!"

"Rebelling fools!" shrieked the old man, passionately; "the bloodhounds are upon us!"

"I must try my own arm Proud man—thy hour is come; one prayer for mercy is allowed thee!"

"Slave!" answered the Earl, misconceiving him; "I offer no supplication to such as these! I am prepared!"

The Puritan grasped his weapon, and passed it twice through the body of his enemy, who fell bravely without one sigh. No sooner was the deed accomplished, than the Royalists, headed by William, reached the spot.

"Urn them not!" he exclaimed to the estates perched soldiers. "Take them alive—five examples shall be made!"

The men disarmed their prisoners, and raising the body of their late commander, proceeded with solemn steps once more toward the castle of Dumbarton.

Notwithstanding the evidence of a wounded officer who had witnessed the fate of the Earl, the young men, though innocent of any participation in his crime, were condemned to die with Martin. The guard were already drawn up in the castle yard, waiting for their commander to give the signal from the window, when a woman, deeply veiled, rushed into the apartment.

"What would you?" exclaimed the new Earl of Clayton.

"Mercy!" replied the female, sinking upon her knees; "mercy for the wretched youth who wait but your word to meet their Maker!"

"It cannot be," replied the Earl. "Example is necessary; and I have suffered too severely from their malice to feel disposed to mercy."

"They must be saved or your soul and mine will have to answer it. As you would wish to die in peace, postpone the execution of those youths!"

"Woman, it may not be. The men wait but my signal."

"Give it, proud man!" exclaimed the female, "but learn that the volley which consigns my humble nephew to the grave, carries with it the fate of—"

"I'll hear no more," cried the Earl impatiently rising and waving his handkerchief. "My brother is avenged."

"And mine!" exclaimed the woman, frantically, as the report echoed through the castle.

"William, what have you done?"

"Ha! my name! who art thou?"

She slowly raised her veil.

"Heaven's Grace Marston! Those youths?"

"One was my murdered Edward's boy; the other—"

"Speak!" exclaimed the stricken Earl. "If this is as I suspect—one look—one word will kill me!"

"Was the last heir of the race of Clayton?" replied Grace.

The bereaved father—bereaved by his own act—heard no more; but fell, broken-hearted, at the feet of the Puritan sister.

Insanity.

The generally conceded truths, in regard to insanity are:

More men become insane than women. The disease is more apt to terminate soon by death in men.

There is greater probability of recovery in women than in men; they bear confinement better. In very large cities, New York and London, more men are cured than women.

In England, persons living in agricultural districts furnish a larger number of inmates for asylums than those living in manufacturing districts.

Married persons are more apt to recover than unmarried.

More persons become insane who have not enough to do than those who are full of business.

A Mother's Love.—Some of our readers may recollect a thrilling ballad which was written on the death of a woman who perished in the snow drifts of the Green Mountains of Vermont. That mother bore an infant on her bosom, and when the storm waxed loud and furious, true to a mother's love, she rent her own garments, and wrapped them around her babe. The morning found her a stiffened corpse, but her babe survived. That babe grew to manhood, and became the Speaker of the Ohio Senate. How thrilling must be his thoughts of that mother, if he be a true, large hearted man! How deep a mother's love! How may a mother's love be there who would die for her son, if called in Providence to do so! Let sons, when far away from home, on the land or on the sea, when the eye of no mother is upon them, remember her love, and be restrained by it from entering the path of vice. Let them say nothing, do nothing, which a mother would not approve, and they will never bring down her gray hairs with sorrow to the grave.—Exchange.

WHERE THEY LEARN IT.—"I don't see where my children learn such things," is one of the most common phrases in a mother's vocabulary. A little incident which we happened to witness, may perhaps help to solve this enigma. We smiled a little at the time, but we've thought a good deal off since, and we hope not without profit. "Bob," screamed out a bright eyed little girl somewhat under six years of age, a youngster who was seated on the curb sidewalk, making hasty puddings out of the mud in the gutter. "Bob, you good-for-nothing little scamp you, come right into the house this minute, or I'll beat you till the skin comes off!"

"Why, Angelina, Angelina, dear; what do you mean? where do you learn such talking?" exclaimed her mother, in a wondering tone, as she stood on the steps, staring to a standstill.

Angelina looked up innocently, and answered: "Why mother, do you see, we are playing, and he is my little boy, and I am scolding him just as you did me this morning, that is all!"

Prayer.

Go when the morning shineth,
Go when the moon is bright,
Go when the stars are gleaming,
Go in the hush of night.

Remember all who love thee,
All who are loved by thee,
Pray for those who hate thee,
If any such there be.

Or if thou'rt ever denied thee,
In solitude to pray;
Shouldst thou thoughts come o'er thee,
When friends are round thy way.

Oh not a joy or blessing,
With this can be compared;
The power that he hath given us,
To reach him with a word.

Go with pure mind and feeling,
Fling earthly thoughts away;
And in thy chamber kneeling;
Do thou in secret pray.

Then, for thyself, in meekness,
A blessing humbly claim,
And link with each petition,
The great Redeemer's name.

Even the silent breathing,
Or thy spirit raised above,
Will reach his throne of glory,
Who is Mercy, Truth, and Love.

When'er thou pinest in sadness,
Before his footstool fall;
And remember in thy prayers,
His grace who giveth thee all.

Nearer.

One sweetly solemn thought
Come to me o'er and o'er;
I'll nearer my home to-day
Than I've ever been before.

Nearer my Father's house,
Where the angels sing and cheer;
Nearer the great white throne,
Nearer the Jasper sea.

Nearer the bound of life,
Where we lay our burdens down;
Nearer life's great cross,
Nearer waiting my crown.

Never open the door to a little vice, lest a great one should enter.

THE REASON WHY!

A CAREFUL COLLECTION OF
Some Thousands of Reasons for Things, which, though Generally Known, are Perfectly Understood.

A BOOK OF
CONDENSED SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE FOR THE MILLION!

By the Author of "Inquire Within."

[A hand-book, 12mo., volume of 355 pages, printed on fine paper, bound in cloth, gilt, and embellished with a large number of wood cuts, and containing the various subjects treated of. Price, ONE DOLLAR. Sent to any address free of postage.]

It contains a collection and solution of Thirteen thousand and one questions, which, in their first discovery, puzzled the most learned and apt scholars. Some ideas may be found here which have never been before. The reader that has an INDEX OF CONTENTS REQUIRING FORTY COLUMNS OF FINE TYPE.

Published by DICK & FITZGERALD,
No. 11, Ave. Street, New York.

Also, for sale by all Booksellers in this place. Copies of the above book sent by mail, on receipt of \$1.00 in any of the following currencies: In Philadelphia, by J. B. REEVE, Justice of the Peace.

P. S.—Copies of Report, list of losses during the year, &c., will be sent you for circulation soon as printed.

INDEMNITY!

Risks taken, and Policies issued in the following prompt and reliable Companies, by
JAMES R. WATSON, Agent,
FRANKFORT, KY.

CHARTERED - - - A. D. 1841.
Peoria Marine & Fire Insurance Co.,
No. 39, MAIN STREET, PEORIA, ILL.

This Company continues to issue Policies on
Marine, Inland Navigation, Transportation
and Fire Risks,
AT REASONABLE RATES.

Capital, - - \$500,000.

DIRECTORS.
WILLIAM FENK,
B. L. T. BOGARDUS,
J. H. HARRIS,
W. A. HERRON,
J. REYNOLDS,
R. GARDO.

OFFICERS.
J. UNDERHILL, President.
B. L. T. BOGARDUS, Vice President.
C. HOLLAND, Secretary.
JAMES R. WATSON, Agent,
Auditor's Office, Frankfort, Ky.
March 31, 1858-4.

The Quaker City Insurance Company,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
Franklin Buildings, No. 92, Walnut Street.

Capital & Surplus, - - - \$250,000
Chartered Capital, - - - 500,000

Insures against Loss or Damage by FIRE, and
the Perils of the Sea, Inland Navigation
and Transportation.

OFFICERS.
GEO. H. HART, President.
H. R. COGGSHALL, Secretary & Treasurer.
S. H. BUTLER, Assistant Secretary.

DIRECTORS.
GEORGE T. HART,
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JOHN C. DALE,
HON. H. M. FELLERS,
FREDERICK S. HARRIS,
JOHN H. CHAMBERS.

JAMES R. WATSON, Agent,
Auditor's Office, Frankfort, Ky.
March 31, 1858-4.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Farmers Union Insurance Company,
AT ATHENS, BRADFORD COUNTY, PA.,
JANUARY 1, 1857.

Cash Capital which is all paid up, \$200,000 00
Surplus in addition thereto, \$37,134 82
\$237,134 82

ASSETS.
Cash on hand and on deposit, \$13,428 28
Cash in the hands of Agents and in
bonds of transmission secured by
bonds with surplus, 6,657 22

51 Bonds on mortgages, (5 & 7 per cent interest), 152,315 00
19 Bonds, security ample, (interest 6 per cent), 47,635 00
Bills Receivable, viz: Promissory notes payable on demand, 4,600 29
Cash due from responsible parties on demand, 1,333 47
Interest accrued and principally due January 1st 1857, 11,045 56
\$237,134 82

LIABILITIES.
Losses adjusted and not due, \$1,150 00
Losses claimed and unpaid, 3,353 09
Losses claimed and resisted, 2,000 00
Losses reported on which no action is taken, 1,060 00
All other claims against the company are small not exceeding, 300 00
\$2,643 09

Whole amount of risks taken during the year, \$2,509,302 00
Whole amount of property at risk at date, 2,754,602 00
J. E. CAMPBELL, Sec. FRANCIS TYLER, Pres't.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF BRADFORD, ss
Athens, January 24th, 1857.

Personally appeared Francis Tyler President, and J. E. Campbell, Secretary of the Farmers Union Insurance Company, and made oath that the foregoing statement by them subscribed, is true to their best knowledge and belief.

J. B. REEVE, Justice of the Peace.
P. S.—Copies of Report, list of losses during the year, &c., will be sent you for circulation soon as printed.

J. R. WATSON, Agent,
Auditor's Office, Frankfort, Ky.
March 31, 1858-4.

STATE
Fire and Marine Insurance Company,
OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Office Harrisburg, Pa.

CAPITAL 350,000 DOLLARS.
Insure all the under classes of Property against Loss by Fire, Perils of Inland Navigation and Transportation.

JOHN P. RUTHERFORD, President.
S. WARD, Sec'y.
J. R. WATSON, Agent,
Auditor's Office, Frankfort, Ky.
March 21, 1858-4.

The Beautiful Canadian Trotting Stallion
DEFIANCE,
WILL MAKE HIS FIRST SEASON IN THE UNITED STATES, at my farm in Franklin county, eight miles from Frankfort, on the turnpike road leading to Georgetown, at the very low price of TEN DOLLARS the season, with fifty cents to the owner, payable within the season which has commenced, and will expire on the 1st of July.

I will furnish pasturage gratis to mares from a distance, without being responsible for accidents or escapes.

DEFIANCE is a rich mahogany bay, 15½ hands high, with heavy black mane and tail, possessing fine bone; great length, and extraordinary gait; and presenting in his appearance, a remarkable combination of the thorough bred with the harness horse.

He was sired by old Defiance, who was the sire of Lady Moscow, and innumerable other trotting celebrities. His dam, (Maidie Mink), herself very celebrated both for speed and pacing was a Canadian mare of the most select breed. Old Defiance was by Cock of the Rock; he by Duro; he by old Messenger. Cock of the Rock was full brother in blood to American Eclipse.

DEFIANCE was purchased from his breeder in Canada last fall as a stock horse, both on account of his great perfection of form, color, gait, natural speed, and graceful action, and for the high character and reputation of the stock from which he is both directly and remotely descended. He was exhibited in the fasting at the Baltimore Fair, six weeks after his arrival, and, without any training, won his mile in 2 minutes 48 seconds, taking the second premium.

He was sired by old Defiance, who was the sire of the hard times, with the purpose of inducing farmers generally to improve the character of the horse stock of the country, being well assured that no horse in the State will contribute more to that end.

March 24, 1858-4. THOMAS STEELE.
"Observer and Reporter" insert three times in weekly paper, mark price and charge this office.

McLEAN'S



STRENGTHENING CORDIAL AND BLOOD PURIFIER.

THE greatest remedy in the world. This Cordial is distilled from a berry known only to myself, and chemically combined with some of the most valuable medicinal roots, herbs and barks known to the mind of man, viz: blood root, black root, wild cherry bark, yellow lock, dandelion, sarsaparilla, elder flowers, with others, producing the most infallible remedy for the restoration of health ever known.

IT IS NATURE'S OWN REMEDY. Curing diseases by natural laws. When taken, its healing influences is felt coursing through every vein of the body, purifying and accelerating the circulation of the blood. It neutralizes any bilious matter in the stomach, and strengthens the whole organization.

McLean's Strengthening Cordial will effectually cure Liver complaints, dyspepsia, jaundice, and all diseases arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach.

Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Inward Piles, Addict or Sick-head of the Stomach, Fullness of Blood, Head, Head Pain or Swelling in the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructa, Green, Cholera or Spasmodic Feeling, lying down, Dryness or Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Night Sweats, Inward Fevers Pain in the Small of the Back, Obstruction, Sudden Flashes of heat, Depression of Spirit, Prigridious Dreams, Languor, Indigestion, or Nervous Disease, Sores or Blotches on the Skin, and Fever and Ague (for Chills and Fever). It will also cure diseases of the Bladder and Womb, such as Seminal Weakness, Incontinence of Urine, Strangury, Inflammation or Weakness of the Womb or Bladder, Whites, &c.

THERE IS NO MISTAKE ABOUT IT. This Cordial will never fail to cure any of the above diseases, if taken as per directions on each bottle, in German, English and French.

OVER HALF A MILLION OF BOTTLES have been sold during the past six months, and in no instance has it failed in giving entire satisfaction. Who, then, will suffer from weakness or debility when McLean's Strengthening Cordial will cure you.

TO THE LADIES. Do you wish to be healthy and strong? Then go at once and get some of McLean's Cordial. It will strengthen and invigorate your blood to flow through every vein, and the rich rosy bloom of health to mount to your cheek again. Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction.

FOR CHILDREN. We say to parents, if your children are sickly, puny, or afflicted with complaints prevalent among children, give them a small quantity of McLean's Cordial, and it will make them healthy, fat, and robust. Delay not a moment, try it and you will be convinced.

IT IS ESSENTIAL TO TAKE. EVERY COUNTRY MERCHANT should not leave the city until he has procured a supply of McLean's Strengthening Cordial. It sells rapidly, because it always cures. A liberal discount will be made to those who buy to sell again.

CAUTION.—Beware of druggists or dealers who may try to impose upon you, by selling cheap sarsaparilla, which they can buy cheap, by saying it is just as good.—Avoid such men. Ask for McLean's Strengthening Cordial, and take nothing else. It is the only remedy that will purify the blood thoroughly, and at the same time strengthen the system.

One tablespoonful taken every morning fasting is a certain preventive for Cholera, Cholera, and Fever, Yellow Fever, or any prevalent disease. Price only \$1 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5.

Also, McLean's Volcanic Oil Liniment. Sole proprietor of the Cordial. Principal depot on the corner of Third and Pine Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

For sale in Louisville by BELL, TALBOT & Co., Springer & Bro., and Raymond & Patten.

McLEAN'S VOLCANIC OIL LINIMENT. The best Liniment in the world for man or beast. Another remarkable Cure. Formed by McLean's Volcanic Oil Liniment, Read for your cure.

Thomas Ford, a blacksmith, living near Cass avenue on Leath street, had a horrible running sore on his foot. He tried various Liniments, Salves, &c., but could do it no good. He despaired of ever being able to work at his trade again, because he could not bear any weight on his foot, and by one small bottle of McLean's Volcanic Oil Liniment, he is now perfectly cured.

Rheumatism, paralysis, neuralgia, bruise, sprains, stiffness in the joints of muscles, swellings, sore throat, soreness of tendons, wounds, fresh cuts, burns, scalds, pains, &c., yield to the "magic" influence of this wonderful Liniment.

For Horses and Cattle it is an infallible remedy for chafes, galls, scratches, cracked heels, lameness, spurs, swellings, splints, astula, bruises, swellings, wounds, rheumatism, bilious, and various other diseases, which animals are liable to from injuries or accidents.

Every Country Merchant should obtain a supply of McLean's Volcanic Oil Liniment. It sells rapidly, because it always cures. A liberal discount will be made to merchants who buy to sell again.

For sale by J. H. McLEAN, proprietor, corner of Third and Pine streets, St. Louis, Mo.; also for sale as above.

For sale in Frankfort by AVERILL & KEARNS Sept. 7, 1857-ly.

FRESH GROCERIES,
NEW GOODS, &c., &c.,
Sugar, Coffee, &c.

10 bbls Prime New Orleans Sugar, extra,
Prime Havana Sugar,
Double Refined Leaf Sugar,
Double Refined Crushed Sugar,
6 casks Elm Hull Sugar,
2 casks Clarified Sugar.

Various other qualities Crushed Sugar,
Prime Java Coffee,
Prime Rio Coffee,
Mocha Coffee,
Marricabo Coffee,
Superior Green Tea,
Superior Black Tea,
Superior Chocolate,
New York & St. Louis Golden Syrup,
Sugar House Molasses,
Plantation Molasses,
Mackerel in Barrels to retail,
Mackerel in 1½ barrels,
Mackerel in 1½ barrels & Kits,
Salmon and Herrings, in store and for sale

by
March 8, 1858. GRAY & TODD.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!!
WE ARE JUST IN RECEIPT OF A LOT OF FINE CHEWING TOBACCO, viz:
10 boxes Star of Morocco;
3 boxes Damascus Blade;
5 boxes Heavy Clay;
2 boxes Old Hickory;
6 boxes Natural Leaf;
15 boxes Various Brands;
4 boxes Smoking Snuff (all) Tobacco;
2 gross Smoking Tobacco in papers.
Havana, Louisiana, Maryland, and Virginia Smoking Tobacco, for sale by
March 8, 1858. GRAY & TODD.

VARIETIES.
Pickles, assorted.
Preserves, assorted.
Sauces, assorted.
Lemon Juice.
Lemon Syrup.
Ginger Preserves.
Sardines.
Pickled Oysters.
Lobsters and Crabs.
Catsup, assorted.
Fresh Peaches.

And almost anything that can be called for in the Grocery and Confectionery line; for sale by
March 8, 1858. GRAY & TODD.

BALD HORNET
WILL stand at my stable this season (which will be his second season in Frankfort) and will serve mares at \$10 for the season, or \$100 for the season, the season money to be paid on or before the 4th day of July, 1858, and the insurance money due when the mare is ascertained to be in foal or disposed of.

BALD HORNET
Is so well known as a fine breeder that I deem it unnecessary to say anything in praise of him. The season has commenced and will end the 1st of July next.

April 2, 1858-4. W. R. LINK.

Ho! Fishermen!
We are in receipt of a FINE assortment of Fishing Tackle, such as SILK, GLASS AND COTTON LINES, FLOATS AND HOOKS of all sizes and variety. A full assortment always on hand.

KEENON & CRUTCHER,
Main Street.
FOR HIRE.
A NEGRO GIRL, A FIRST-RATE SEAMSTRESS. Enquire at

THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

THOMAS M. GREEN, Editor.

FRIDAY, APRIL 23, 1858.

AUGUST ELECTION, 1858.

FOR CLERK OF THE COURT OF APPEALS,
HON. GEORGE R. MCKEE,
OF PULASKI COUNTY.

COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR SHERIFF,
HARRY I. TODD.

FOR COUNTY COURT JUDGE,
JOHN M. HARLAN.

FOR COUNTY COURT CLERK,
ALEXANDER H. RENNICK.

FOR JAILER,
HARRY R. MILLER.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY,
JAMES MONROE.

FOR CORONER,
JOHN R. GRAHAM.

FOR ASSESSOR,
WILLIAM F. PARRENT.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
WILLIAM E. ARNOLD.

Nearly every Southern Democratic Senator who has spoken in favor of the admission of Kansas under the Lecompton Constitution, in the manner pointed out in the Senate bill, has admitted that there is not a shadow of a chance that Kansas can remain a slave State for any length of time. But they say that there is a principle involved in this controversy which they regard as vital to the South, and a recognition of which, by the Congress of the United States, they, as Southern men, demand. Now what is this principle? It is that no Territory shall be refused admission into the Union as a State, because it recognizes slavery in its Constitution. Up on this principle we stand with every truly national man in the country. But the Lecomptonites forget, or, remembering, they will not tell the people, that this great principle is clearly and distinctly recognized in the Crittenden amendment. That amendment admits Kansas into the Union as a State under the Lecompton Constitution, which recognizes slavery, provided that it shall be first fairly submitted to the qualified voters of Kansas, and is assented to by a majority thereof, at an election held for that purpose. Will any honest man pretend to say that that Constitution has ever been fairly submitted to the people of Kansas? Will any honest man assert that that Constitution meets the wishes of the people of Kansas? Is it their act and deed? Have they not, at the polls, declared by an immense majority, that they were opposed to it? And, even admitting, for argument's sake, that the Lecompton Convention was a legally constituted body and that they were under no legal obligations to submit the result of their labors for the ratification or rejection of the people, does it follow that the Congress of the United States, by whom, under the National Constitution, "new States may be admitted," is constitutionally bound to admit Kansas under the Lecompton Constitution, as soon as it is presented? Has not Congress a discretion upon the subject? Is it not invested with the power, under the Constitution, to inquire whether the parchment presented as a Constitution for Kansas, is the "act and deed" of the people of that Territory? Is it not its solemn duty to make this inquiry, in any mode which it may deem proper, when it is incontestably established that the people who are to live under, and who alone are to be affected by, the proposed Constitution, are unilaterally and overwhelmingly opposed to it? In what mode, we ask, can Congress better obtain this information, in an official manner, than by referring the Constitution to the people of Kansas, and give all parties a full, fair and free opportunity to vote in reference thereto?

If Congress refuses to pursue this course, and, in defiance of the wishes of the people of Kansas, fastens the Lecompton Constitution upon them, would not that be a direct and palpable interference in its worst form, by Congress, with the domestic institutions of a country? These are our principles. They are the principles of our fathers, and are beautifully consistent with the spirit of republican institutions. We are fallen indeed upon evil times, if the mad ravings of sectionalists and disunionists can force the American people to forget or discard them.

On account of the inclemency of the weather the presentation of the flag, by the young ladies, to the Sayre Guards, was postponed until to-morrow evening at 3 o'clock. It will be an interesting ceremony, and those fond of seeing pretty girls will do well to attend.

Will the Lecompton editors of Kentucky please answer this plain question: If Kansas is admitted into the Union under the Senate bill, do you believe the majority of the qualified voters in the State of Kansas can legally change or amend the Lecompton Constitution until 1864? Will Democratic editors dare respond to this inquiry.

The Washington correspondent of the Louisville Democrat states that, contrary to an adverse report from the committee on claims, the House of Representatives have passed a bill for the relief of Cassius M. Clay, granting him \$753 for a judgment obtained against him in Louisville for breaking open the doors of a house of ill-fame in pursuance of orders to arrest deserters in the house, and \$760 for property abandoned in Mexico, under orders, to make a forced march.

It will be seen from the dispatches in another column that there is some hope of the committee of Conference agreeing to the plan of adjustment proposed by Mr. English of Indiana. Mr. E.'s bill is almost identically the same as that proposed by Senator Crittenden. We earnestly trust that Mr. E.'s bill will be accepted by the Senate, and thus restore peace and harmony to our distracted country.

We see it stated that the Michigan city Transcript, a violent Black Republican paper, "earnestly" advocates the admission of Kansas under the Lecompton Constitution as the best thing that can be done for the promotion of the success of the Republican party.

This editor is right, for three reasons: 1st. To fasten the Lecompton Constitution upon the people of Kansas against their wishes and without giving them a fair opportunity to vote upon it, would alienate from the South thousands of northern men in the North who have heretofore defended our constitutional rights against the attacks of northern fanatics.

2d. The free State party have now the control of the Legislature of Kansas, and if she is admitted into the Union under the Senate bill, in less than two months thereafter, we would see Jim Lane and Gov. Robinson, two of the vilest and rankest Abolitionists in the whole country—in the Senate of the United States, as the Representatives of the State of Kansas. Would not they respect Southern rights with a vengeance?

3d. The Senate bill—the plan of adjustment proposed by President Buchanan and sustained by many Democrats in Kentucky—recognizes the rights of the people of Kansas immediately after its admission as a State, to change their Constitution, and abolish slavery, and this notwithstanding an explicit provision in the Lecompton Constitution, prohibiting its alteration or amendment until 1864. This being so, the protection which is guaranteed to slave property in that Constitution, is, so far as any real substantial advantage is to be gained by the South, not worth the parchment upon which the Constitution is written. This result will inevitably follow, since, as all admit, the free State party have an overwhelming majority of the qualified voters of Kansas.

A Lecompton Trick.—A short time since a portion of the Locomotives of Mason got up to a county meeting, and passed some fire-eating resolutions disapproving the course of Hon. John J. Crittenden upon the Kansas question. It has been heralded throughout the State by the Lecomptonites that this was a meeting "irrespective of party"—that it was a "movement of the people"—who were "indignant" at Mr. C.'s "betrayal of Southern interests."

Now the truth of this matter, as we learn from the Maysville Eagle is, that this "grand demonstration" (?) was exclusively Locomotive in its character, and was attended only by Locomotives. Why this attempt to mislead the people?—The Lecomptonites know that a large portion of their party in this State sustain the course of Douglas and Crittenden, and hence the necessity to make a show of strength which they do not possess.

For the Commonwealth.

APRIL 22, 1858.

Mr. Editor: I send you a song from the "Flowers and Weeds of the Old Dominion." From the adoption of the Federal Constitution up to this day, there have been a few impracticables in the United States with some abstract nullification croaker, or some "higher law" kink in their brains, about the dissolution of the Union. But their notions have never poisoned the great public mind, have never chilled the pulsations of the mighty heart of this nation towards the Union. Demagogues may talk about dissolution to get up a temporary excitement, and give them an opportunity of buzzing. But they are not the people; the people love the Union all over the United States, and no where more than in the Old Dominion and Kentucky. The song I believe expresses the national sentiment.

JOHN LEWIS.

A SONG.

Air, "Hail to the Chief."

Hail to the States fast in glory advancing,
Honored and blessed be their Union divine,
Long may each star in their banner now glancing,
With bright beams of glory continue to shine;
Heaven send them virtue true,
Earth lend them fruits new,
Ever to prosper and flourish and grow,
While every hill and glen
Sends out shouts back again,
America! Union firm, will baffle every foe.

Our is no freedom chance-fame or depending
On the not of a tyrant, false, false, and vile;
Supported by all, to the laws only binding,
In vain shall ambition essay every wile,
Moored in the people's love,
All earthly price above,
Still falter and desert to shall I gray,
From Northern "sine to Georgia thine,
Echo shall shout again,
America! Union firm, will baffle every foe.

A CHALLENGE.—When Judge Thatcher, many years ago, was a member of Congress from Massachusetts, he was challenged to a duel by Mr. Blount, member from North Carolina, for words spoken in debate. The Judge, on reading the message from Blount, after adjusting his wig and revolutionary hat, said to the bearer:—

"Give my respectful compliments to your master, and tell him he cannot have a definite answer to his note to-day. Let him be patient a short time, till I can write to Portland and receive an answer. I always consult my wife on matters of importance, well knowing that she is a better judge of family affairs than myself. If she takes the choice of becoming a widow or having her husband hanged for murder, I certainly will fight Mr. Blount. Tell him not to be in a hurry; it will not take more than three weeks to receive her election."

WASHINGTON HIS OWN SHEEP.—The Springfield (Mass.) Republican says that a piquant correspondence has just passed between two clergymen in a city where considerable religious awakening has taken place. In substance the correspondence ran as follows:

BAPTIST TO A METHODIST CLERGYMAN.
Dear Brother:—I shall baptize some converts to-morrow. If any of your converts prefer to be baptized in our mode, I shall be happy to baptize them as candidates for your church.

METHODIST TO BAPTIST CLERGYMAN.
Dear Brother:—Yours received. I prefer to wash my own sheep.

THE RULING PASSION STRONG IN DEATH.—Major Burns, of Troy, died on Friday last. On the morning of his death he got out of bed and put on his uniform, and for some three hours did nothing but drill an imaginary regiment in all the maneuvers laid down in the books. He then sat down in a chair. Shortly afterward a friend called to see the Major, he asked the Major if he recognized him. The Major turned his head and looked at him for a moment, nodded, and immediately expired. He was placed in his coffin in his uniform, and in that condition he was buried—his epaulettes on his shoulders and his sword by his side.

A bill has been introduced into the United States Senate providing for the election of post masters by the people.

THE UNION PRAYER MEETINGS ARE EXTENDING. The Quebec Gazette of the 9th says that such meetings have commenced in that city. The Free Church of Scotland, the Wesleyans, the Congregationalists, and the Baptists have united in holding noon day meeting for prayer. A meeting (6 o'clock) meeting is also held. The Gazette says the meetings are well attended—those in the afternoon being crowded—and the principal features are the solemnity and reverence by which they are pervaded.

We have a letter from Ithaca which says that the union prayer meetings in that place have been attended with great success, almost all denominations having added largely to their number of church members. The union prayer meeting continues daily from 9 to 10 o'clock. A. M.

A letter from a lady in Cortlandville, in this State received this morning, says:—"The religious revival all over our country is a subject for thankfulness. We too, in Cortlandville, have not been forgotten. There have been meetings in the different churches every night, nearly the entire winter. Many members have been added to the churches of the several denominations, and the work is still in progress. We have a union prayer meeting every morning at 9 o'clock, which is well attended, and will, no doubt, be a blessing to the community."

The Washington States of last evening, in alluding to the union prayer meetings in that city, says that the 13th street church is crowded every afternoon to its utmost capacity. There is a daily prayer meeting daily at 11 o'clock. There is also a business men's prayer meeting at the Presbyterian church in 4th street; this meeting is held from noon till five o'clock.

At Boston the meetings continued to be well attended. At the large Methodist church in Haver street, yesterday, the Rev. Dr. Floy, of New York, conducted the exercises. At the Old South Chapel the most important intelligence communicated was in reference to Yale College.

A student presented that the revival in that college had been very powerful. In the sophomore class only five or six remain unconverted, and some of them are inquiring. The converts in this class number thirty or forty. In the senior class the work has been quite as extensive. In the junior class out of one hundred and seven students, only eight or nine remain unconverted. The work in the freshmen class has not as yet been very deep. There have been over one hundred conversions in all, in the College. [N. Y. Spectator.

A gentleman who recently arrived from Mexico says that near Yorktown, Devitt county, Texas, between the coast and San Antonio, a party of fellows are having regular drills, preparatory to an invasion into Northern Mexico, by way of Laredo. The commandant of Fort McIntosh, near Laredo, was thought to favor the project, which was to be put in execution as soon as the number of filibusters reached eight hundred. It was suspected in Texas that the project which has summoned Gen. Twiggs to a court martial was trumped up in order to get him out of the way. His substitute, Colonel Wilson, does not concern himself about what is going on, and pains are taken that no news of it reaches Mexico. A call from Col. Lockridge for "peaceful emigrants" has already, as our readers are aware, appeared, and General Henningsen is shortly expected in Galveston. People in Texas are concluding that General Walker's statement that the President suggested Mexico as a richer field for filibustering enterprise than Central America, has not been wholly baseless, and it is thought that he may soon hear of a foray by a well armed expedition, the nature of which will be explained to Mexico by a message from Mr. Buchanan.

A German merchant is said to have arrived in New York from Chihuahua in search of German immigrants, and the present Governor of Chihuahua, named Palacios, is held out as being ready to sell, but whether to private or public speculators does not appear.—Lou. Jour.

SHOOTING AFFAIR.—Between 9 and 10 o'clock yesterday morning a young man named Lovely, who is engaged in Mr. Mercer's lottery office, called on Dr. Gunn at his office for the purpose of obtaining some arsenic for killing rats. Dr. Gunn, seeing that the young man was in liquor and evidently laboring under depression of mind, refused to give it to him. Lovely told the doctor that he had received a letter from a young lady in Baltimore where his mother resided, and then, pulling a pistol from his pocket, remarked that he would kill himself with it. The doctor succeeded in quieting him and induced him to change his resolution.

A few minutes after, Lovely again requested the doctor to let him have some arsenic, and pulled out and offered a large roll of bank notes for it. The doctor positively refused to give it to him, when Lovely drew his pistol, and, saying, "God bless my mother, God bless you, doctor," fired. The ball entered the left leg of the doctor, above the knee, and came out on the other side, making a severe but not a dangerous flesh wound. Lovely, when arrested, said that he did not intend to shoot the doctor. He had made no application for arsenic to another physician before he came to Dr. Gunn's office. We sympathize with Dr. Gunn, who was just recovering from serious injuries sustained by being thrown from his horse some months ago.—Lou. Journal.

Crew, the fellow who shot Neal, in Green county, Ind., a week or two ago, has been arrested. The Bedford Independent says of the affair:

It appears that he attacked the officer who arrested him in Kentucky, with the ferocity of the lion of the Libyan desert. He had a revolver which shot fourteen times, which he twice fired at the Kentucky sheriff, both shots taking slight effect.

HURRICANE IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY, ALA.—The Montgomery Mail, of Monday last, 12th inst., says:

There was considerable damage done by a hurricane, a few miles below this, on last Thursday afternoon. Mrs. McDaniel was killed by the overthrow of the house and her husband had his thigh broken.

At Athens, in this county, both churches, the academy, and two dwellings were blown down. In the neighborhood a house was blown down and two young women injured. Lots of other damage.

The Coahoma (Miss.) Citizen of the 10th inst. has, the following in reference to the overflow:

Bolivar County.—We learn that this county was almost entirely submerged by the late flood. In many instances the people had to abandon their houses and travel in quest of high land. In other instances the family occupied one end of the house and the cattle the other. The destruction of property was great—the damage to levees very considerable—the cattle of every kind were drowned, fences washed away.

THE TROT YESTERDAY.—The Mobile mare Grace Darling, and the crack crack Tom Murray, of this city, both well known to fame, came to a match yesterday at the Metairie course in a match for \$1,000, mile heats, best three in five, to harness. The money was won handsily by Mr. Skilling, with the mare in three straight heats, and without any apparent effort; leading in every heat from score to outcome.

MATCH TROTTING RACE FOR \$1,000; mile heats, best three in five.
Mr. E. Skilling's Grace Darling, 1 1 1
Mr. O. W. Dimmick's Tom Murray, 2 2 2
Time—2:40 3/4, 2:35 3/4, 2:35 3/4.
[N. O. Cres., 15th.

REVIVALS.—The religious excitement in Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va., is increasing daily, and numbers are professing conversion. Revivals are going on in two churches in Norfolk and three in Portsmouth.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, April 20.

Senate.—Mr. Houston of Texas, spoke in favor of the establishment of a protectorate over Mexico. After pointing out the difference between the Northern and Southern States of the Union he went on to define his plan and show the benefits that would accrue both to the Union and to Mexico.

The protectorate, he said, must be self supporting, the protected paying the expense, which they could do by assigning her revenue for ten years. Our gulf squadron is sufficient to protect her commerce, and five thousand reliable troops judiciously posted would preserve internal order. Mr. Houston explained the circumstances under which Mexico funded her debt of \$55,000,000, which is mostly owing to British creditors. All that Great Britain can reasonably expect in the event of a protectorate is that we shall see that a portion of the customs are set apart towards the debt and dividends faithfully appropriated to the purpose.

Mr. Houston paid a feeling tribute to the memory of his former companion in the Senate now passed away. Mr. Houston spoke more largely of the State rights of Texas than of the protectorate, respecting which he said it might be either like that of the Ionian islands or in a new form, but without exercising more authority than was necessary. The resolutions says that whereas every attempt of the Mexicans to regulate their internal affairs results in failure, and there is danger of Mexico falling into anarchy, and whereas the United States on account of their continental policy can never permit Mexico to be subjugated at the hands of any foreign power, therefore, a select committee of seven be appointed to inquire whether it is necessary to establish a protectorate. The resolution was laid over until to-morrow and ordered to be printed.

The deficiency bill was taken up and discussed all day.

Mr. Hale's amendment was lost by 39 against 21.

Mr. Fessenden moved an additional section to confine the appropriations to the fiscal year and the specific branch for which they were voted.

Mr. Clarke moved to reconsider the vote on the Pacific railroad which was agreed to. Adjourned.

House.—Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, spoke in favor of his bill granting lands in various States for the establishment of colleges for the promotion of agriculture and mechanics.

Mr. Bullington offered a resolution, which was adopted, calling for the correspondence with the government of Chili relative to the detention at Talcahuano of the American vessels Good Return and Franklin.

The Washington police bill was taken up, and was rejected by 111 majority.

Mr. Dodd's substitute, which was agreed to in committee yesterday, proposing that policemen be appointed by a Board of Commissioners to be elected, instead of giving the President power in the present bill, was tabled by 110 against 79.

The Military Academy bill was considered in committee.

WASHINGTON, April 20.

The committee of conference on the Kansas bill met this morning. Mr. English submitted a proposition similar to that indicated in yesterday's dispatch. The Senate committee asked time to consider it. Another meeting was appointed for 3 o'clock.

Second Dispatch.—Mr. English's bill is still under consideration by the Senate committee of conference with a fair prospect of ultimate agreement. Many consider this already certain. Seward and Howard dissented. The several political parties were this afternoon and are to night much interested in privately discussing the probability of the success of the measure, but no definite opinion thereon can yet be formed. It is probable that the committee of conference will report to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, April 20.
In the Senate yesterday Mr. Mason, of Virginia, offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy for information respecting the treatment of the officers and crew of the steam frigate Susquehanna, at Jamaica, with a view of considering whether the courtesy of the British officers requires an acknowledgment. Adopted.

It is generally believed that the President will accept the two regiments of volunteers offered from Kentucky and Ohio. The regiment from Ohio consists of five companies mustered in Cincinnati, one from Columbus, one from Toledo, one from Springfield, one from Mount Gilead, and one from Coshocton.

A short time ago, says an exchange, an old man named S., died in Crawford county, Ohio leaving a wife and children. By his will his estate was divided equally between the children. The division displeased the eldest son, who refused to take his share of the estate, asserting that he was not the son of the deceased S., nor of the widow. He claims that at the age of seven he was adopted by the deceased in Pennsylvania and has lived with him ever since. The widow protests that he is her son, and several other women in the neighborhood, who came from the same place in Pennsylvania, testify to being present on the occasion of his birth. At first the heirs were willing to believe him, as it would lessen the number of heirs. The young man one day presented a bill of services from the age of thirteen, the amount of which would swallow up the whole estate. They then were perfectly willing to acknowledge him as a brother. A suit on the claim has been commenced.

A RASCAL.—Some years ago a noted warrior of the Pottawatomie tribe, presented himself to the Indian agent at Chicago, as one of the chiefs of his village, observing, with the customary simplicity of the Indian, that he was a very good man, and a good American, and concluding with a request for a dram of whisky. The agent replied that he was not his proper name, and that he was a good man, and a good American, and concluding with a request for a dram of whisky. The agent replied that he was not his proper name, and that he was a good man, and a good American, and concluding with a request for a dram of whisky. The agent replied that he was not his proper name, and that he was a good man, and a good American, and concluding with a request for a dram of whisky.

DEED BETWEEN CALHOUN AND BREVOORT.—The Paris letter of the Commercial has the following:—A duel took place here three days ago between Mr. Calhoun, of S. C., the secretary of the American legation in this city, and Mr. Brevoort, of New York. They exchanged shots with pistols, and on account of an informality, the seconds stopped the fight for explanations. No meeting has since taken place, and I believe the affair is to be published.

Public Speaking.

Hon. Geo. R. McKee, American candidate for Clerk of the Court of Appeals, will address the people at the following times and places:
Mouth of Pond, Pike co., Saturday, April 24th.
Pikeville, Pike co., Monday, April 26th.
Prestonsburg, Floyd co., Tuesday, April 27th.
Licking Station, Morgan co., Wednesday, April 28th.
Jackson, Breathitt co., Thursday, April 29th.
Hazard, Perry co., Saturday, May 1st.
Whitesburg, Letcher co., Monday, May 3d.
John Lewis's, Harlan co., Tuesday, May 4th.
Mr. Pleasant, Harlan co., Wednesday, May 5th.
Cumberland, Harlan co., Thursday, May 6th.
Barbourville, Knox co., Friday, May 7th.
Manchester, Clay co., Saturday, May 8th.
Boueville, Owsley co., Monday, May 10th.
Proctor, Owsley co., Tuesday, May 11th.
McKee, Jackson co., Wednesday, May 12th.
Speaking to commence at 1 o'clock P. M. each day.

THE ELOPEMENT CASE.—Alfred Bridgeford, who is accused of having run away from Frankfort, Ky., with a Mrs. Miskell, whose husband followed them to this city, had a partial examination on Saturday, when Bridgeford was held in \$500 answer the charge of grand larceny, and in \$300 for adultery. Mrs. Miskell was also required to give bonds to answer the latter charge, in default of which both parties were sent to jail. The case will be further inquired into to-day. [Cin. Gaz.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PROSPECTUS.

The undersigned proposes to publish, by subscription, a volume of miscellaneous poems, entitled, "Flowers and Weeds of the Old Dominion."

Written by four persons of whom he is the only survivor.

They will form an octavo volume, of about 270 pages, printed on white paper and neatly bound in muslin.

Price to Subscribers, per copy, one dollar, payable on delivery.

So soon as the subscription shall be sufficient to pay the printer and the book binder, the work will go to press.

JOHN LEWIS,
Author of Young Kate.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 14, 1858.
P. S.—The subscription papers may be sent to A. G. HODGES, "Commonwealth Office," Frankfort, Ky.

NEW GOODS!

GREAT ATTRACTION

ATT S. & J. R. PAGE'S.

We are now in receipt and will be receiving throughout the season all of the latest styles of Silks, Organdies, Aquille Robes, Valencia Lace, Sets and Collars; French Embroidered Collars and Sets, Chintz Prints, Figured Jaconets, Brillantes, Maraisles, Broche Muslins, English and American Prints, Linens of all kinds; Shawls, Lace Mantillas, and all of the latest novelties of the season.

We are now able to offer to the public the most complete assortment of goods that we have ever brought to this market, and for beauty, elegance and variety we can safely say cannot be surpassed in this or any other market. All of which we will offer low for cash or to prompt customers on our usual time.

The ladies can also find Douglas & Sherwood's Adjustable Steel Bustle Hoop, the greatest novelty of the season.

April 2, 1858.—T. S. & J. R. PAGE.

J. L. Moore & Son.

Are now opening their large, very handsome and well selected STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, comprising all of the "LATEST STYLES," at low rates for cash, or old customers on time. They solicit an early examination. [March 24, 1858.—T.]

SPRING MILLINERY.

Mrs. MARGARET HERREN SMITH has received by Adams Express a fine assortment of SPRING MILLINERY, which she will sell at the lowest market price. [Mar. 10.—T.]

We are authorized to announce that F. P. HOLLOWAY has accepted the nomination for Clerk of the County Court of Woodford county, made by the American Convention which assembled at Versailles on the first Monday in March, 1858.

April 3, 1858.—3v.

We have been requested by Mr. PETER JETT to announce him a candidate for Assessor for the county of Franklin. March 17.—T.

We are authorized to announce WILLIAM J. STEELE, Esq., as a candidate for the office of Presiding Judge of the Woodford County Court at the ensuing August election. [Jan. 29.—T.]

Builders and Contractors, by calling at this office, can see a plan and specifications of the church building proposed to be erected seven miles from Frankfort on the Georgetown turnpike, proposals and bids for which are invited by an advertisement in our paper.

Special Notice.—To the Public.

We hereby notify our friends and patrons that on and after the 1st of January, 1858, we will consider all accounts due semi annually, viz: 1st of January and 1st of July; and on all accounts not promptly paid at that time, interest will be charged until paid. Thankful for the liberal patronage of our friends and the public, we solicit a continuation of the same, knowing that under our new arrangements that we can and will make it to their interest to patronize us.

We will continue to keep a good assortment of goods for gentlemen's wear.

GILLISPIE & HEFFNER.

Jan. 11, 1858.—Tf.

Cove Mill Flour.

The undersigned will supply of FLOUR, GRAN, SHORTS, AND CRUSHED CORN, for sale at Hanna's Block, No. 3, Main Street; his flour he warrants in every instance.

Dec. 4, 1857.—Tf. R. C. STEELE.

Wheat Wanted.

At the COVE MILL, by Dec. 4, 1857.—Tf. R. C. STEELE.

Special Notice.

350 BUSHELS CLARK COUNTY BLUE Grass Seed in store and for sale by Dec. 4.—Tf. W. A. GAINES.

800 Barrels Salt for Sale.

A first rate article, low for Cash. Nov. 18, 1857.—Tf. R. C. STEELE & Co.

CODES OF PRACTICE.

SECOND EDITION.

The proprietor of this paper has in preparation by MADISON C. JOHNSON and JAMES HARLAN, two of the Commissioners who prepared the Codes, the second edition of the Civil and Criminal Codes of Practice for the State of Kentucky.

The new edition will contain all the amendments adopted by the Legislature since the first edition was published, and also references to all the decisions of the Court of Appeals, whether published or in manuscript, relating to the construction of said codes.

Blank Negotiable Notes.

BLANK NEGOTIABLE NOTES which can be used for any Bank in Kentucky. For sale at this Office.

Negro Woman for Sale.

WISH to sell a NEGRO WOMAN between 45 and 50 years old, she is a first rate party cook, and woman of good character. For terms, &c., enquire of D. NEWBETH.

March 31, 1858.—Tf.

EDGAR KEENON. JOHN N. CRUTCHER.

KEENON & CRUTCHER,

SUCCESSORS TO

Morris & Hampton and H. Evans & Co.,

